

Our common multicultural future in Europe via our own cultural heritage 2019-2021



Program for Erasmus+ meeting in Cyprus



1974 - 2019

CYPRUS STILL OCCUPIED, STILL DIVIDED

1.	Indicate whether	the content	of ·	the	following	sentences	is	true	or	false	by	writing	the
	word "True" or "Fa	alse" below.											

a.	Over 36% of the sovereign territory of the Republic of Cyprus is still under an illegal military occupation by Turkey.	
b.	Nearly 1,000,000 Greek Cypriots were forcibly expelled from the northern part of Cyprus.	
C.	200,000 Greek Cypriots are still deprived of the right to return to their homes and properties.	
d.	Over 400 Greek Cypriots and Maronites, are still enclaved in their occupied villages.	
e.	The demographic structure and balance of Cyprus has been altered due to the illegal mass transfer of settlers from China to the occupied territory.	
f.	More than 550 churches and monasteries have been looted, destroyed or desecrated.	
g.	Very few icons, gospels and other religious artifactshave been looted.	
h.	A series of UN General Assembly and Security Council resolutions reflect the universal condemnation of Turkey's invasion and all subsequent acts of aggression against Cyprus.	
i.	Cemeteries and archeological sites have been destroyed, desecrated or vandalized.	
j.	On May 10 th 2001, the European Court of Human Rights found Turkey guilty of continuous violations of Human Rights in Cyprus.	
k.	On October 2014 the leaders of the two communities adopted a joint declaration which reaffirmed the basis of a settlement, namely a bi-communal, bi-zonal federation with political equality.	

a. When did the Turkishinvasion of Cyprus take place? In July 1964 I. II. In July 1974 III. In July 1984 IV. In July 1994 b. For how long has Cyprus beendivided by the Turkish occupiers? For 15 consecutive years I. II. For 100 consecutive years III. For 45 consecutive years IV. For 20 consecutive years c. Looted churches have been turned into... Schools and playgrounds I. II. Mosques and barns III. Hospitals and pharmacies IV. Libraries and shops d. UN General Assembly and Security Council resolutions demand from Turkey... The return of refugees to their homes in safety I. II. Religious and archeological treasures to be sold abroad III. The presence of heavily armed Turkish troops IV. The transfer of more settlers from Turkey e. UN General Assembly and Security Council resolutions demand from Turkey... The respect of Human Rights of all Maronites I. II. The respect of Human Rights of all Cypriots III. The respect of Human Rights of all Turkish IV. The respect Human Rights of all settlers

2. Read each question carefully, and then select the correct answer.

f. I.	The United Nations Buffer Zone, that divides the capital, Nicosia and indeed the rest of Cyprus is called The White line
II.	The Green line
III.	The Red line
IV.	The Black line
	After the International Conference on Cyprus at Grans Montana (Switzerland July 2017)
g.	the Turkish side has escalated its threatening rhetoric and provocative actions in Cyprus'
I.	Exclusive Economic Zone. (EEZ)
II.	Medicare system
III.	Education System
IV.	Athletics



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3. Indicate whether the content of the following sentences is true or false by writing the word "True" or "False" below...

I.	Over 36% of the sovereign territory of the Republic of Cyprus is still under an illegal military occupation by Turkey.	True
m.	Nearly 1,000,000 Greek Cypriots were forcibly expelled from the northern part of Cyprus.	False
n.	200,000 Greek Cypriots are still deprived of the right to return to their homes and properties.	True
0.	Over 400 Greek Cypriots and Maronites, are still enclaved in their occupied villages.	False
p.	The demographic structure and balance of Cyprus has been altered due to the illegal mass transfer of settlers from China to the occupied territory.	False
q.	More than 550 churches and monasteries have been looted, destroyed or desecrated.	True
r.	Very few icons, gospels and other religious artifacts have been looted.	False
S.	A series of UN General Assembly and Security Council resolutions reflect the universal condemnation of Turkey's invasion and all subsequent acts of aggression against Cyprus.	True
t.	Cemeteries and archeological sites have been destroyed, desecrated or vandalized.	True
u.	On May 10 th 2001, the European Court of Human Rights found Turkey guilty of continuous violations of Human Rights in Cyprus.	True
V.	On October 2014 the leaders of the two communities adopted a joint declaration which reaffirmed the basis of a settlement, namely a bi-communal, bi-zonal federation with political equality.	True

h. When did the Turkish invasion of Cyprus take place? ٧. In July 1964 VI. **In July 1974** In July 1984 VII. VIII. In July 1994 i. For how long has Cyprus been divided by the Turkish occupiers? For 15 consecutive years ٧. VI. For 100 consecutive years VII. For 45 consecutive years VIII. For 20 consecutive years j. Looted churches have been turned into... Schools and playgrounds ٧. Mosques and barns VI. Hospitals and pharmacies VII. VIII. Libraries and shops k. UN General Assembly and Security Council resolutions demand from Turkey... The return of refugees to their homes in safety VI. Religious and archeological treasures to be sold abroad VII. The presence of heavily armed Turkish troops VIII. The transfer of more settlers from Turkey 1. UN General Assembly and Security Council resolutions demand from Turkey... ٧. The respect of Human Rights of all Maronites The respect of Human Rights of all Cypriots VI. VII. The respect of Human Rights of all Turkish VIII. The respect Human Rights of all settlers

4. Read each question carefully, and then select the correct answer.

m.	The United Nations Buffer Zone that divides the capital, Nicosia and indeed the rest of Cyprus is called
V.	The White line
VI.	The Green line
VII.	The Red line
VIII.	The Black line
n.	After the International Conference on Cyprus at Grans Montana (Switzerland July 2017) the Turkish side has escalated its threatening rhetoric and provocative actions in Cyprus'
V.	Exclusive Economic Zone. (EEZ)
VI.	Medicare system
VII.	Education System
VIII.	Athletics